# SAFETY DATA SHEET 

WATTYL FENCE FINISH
Section 1. Identification
$\left.\begin{array}{lc}\text { Product name } & \begin{array}{c}\text { : WATTYL FENCE FINISH } \\ \text { ORE BLACK }\end{array} \\ \text { Product type } & : \text { Liquid. }\end{array}\right\}$

## Section 2. Hazards identification

## HSNO Classification

: 3.1-FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category D 6.7-CARCINOGENICITY - Category B

This material is classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001 and has been classified according to the Hazardous Substances (Classifications) Regulations 2001.
This material is not classified as DANGEROUS GOODS according to criteria in New Zealand Standard 5433:2012 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

## GHS label elements

| Signal word | Warning |
| :---: | :---: |
| Hazard statements | Combustible liquid. Suspected of causing cancer. |
| Precautionary statements |  |
| Prevention | Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from flames and hot surfaces. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed: Have product container or label at hand. |
| Response | IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. |
| Storage | Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. |
| Disposal | Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |

Symbol


Other hazards which do not : Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. result in classification

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Substance/mixture <br> Other means of <br> identification | $:$ Mixture |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| CAS number/other identifiers |  |$\quad:$| Product code available. |
| :--- | :--- |


| Ingredient name | $\%(w / w)$ | CAS number |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Talc | 3.0 | $14807-96-6$ |
| Carbon Black | 0.5 | $1333-86-4$ |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.
Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

## Description of necessary first aid measures

Inhalation
Ingestion

| Skin contact | $:$Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and <br> shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if symptoms |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. |


| Potential acute health effects |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Inhalation | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Ingestion | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Skin contact | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Eye contact | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

| Inhalation | $:$ No specific data. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Ingestion | $:$ No specific data. |
| Skin | $:$ No specific data. |
| Eyes | $:$ No specific data. |

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Specific treatments
Notes to physician
: Not available.
: No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

## Section 4. First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders
No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Firefighting measures

## Extinguishing media

## Suitable

Not suitable
Specific hazards arising
from the chemical

Hazardous thermal decomposition products
Hazchem code
Special precautions for firefighters

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters
: Use dry chemical, $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$, water spray (fog) or foam.
: Do not use water jet.
: Combustible liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
: Decomposition products may include the following materials: metal oxide/oxides
: Not available.
: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
Small spill
: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling
: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and wellventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

## Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
| :--- | :--- |
| Talc | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020). |
|  | TWA: $2 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3} 8$ hours. Form: Respirable |
| Carbon Black | fraction |
|  | NZ HSWA 2015 (New Zealand, 11/2019). |
|  | WES-TWA: $3 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3} 8$ hours. |

Appropriate engineering controls
: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

Respiratory protection
: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection

Eye protection

Skin protection
Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

| Appearance |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Physical state | : Liquid. |
| Colour | : Not available. |
| Odour | : Not available. |
| Odour threshold | : Not available. |
| pH | : 8.5 |
| Melting point/freezing point | Not available. |
| Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range | : $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(212^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ |
| Flash point | : Closed cup: $84{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(183.2^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup] |
| Evaporation rate | : 0.09 (butyl acetate = 1) |
| Flammability | Not available. |
| Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit | Not available. |
| Vapour pressure | : $2.3 \mathrm{kPa}(17.5 \mathrm{~mm} \mathrm{Hg})$ |
| Relative vapour density | : 1 [Air = 1] |
| Relative density | : 1.05 |
| Solubility | : Not available. |
| Partition coefficient: noctanol/water | : Not applicable. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : Not available. |
| Decomposition temperature | : Not available. |
| Viscosity | : Kinematic ( $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(104^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ ): >20.5 mm ${ }^{2} / \mathrm{s}(>20.5 \mathrm{cSt})$ |
| Aerosol product |  |
| Type of aerosol | : Not applicable. |
| Heat of combustion | : $0.193 \mathrm{~kJ} / \mathrm{g}$ |
| Ignition distance | : Not applicable. |
| Enclosed space ignition Time equivalent | : Not applicable. |
| Enclosed space ignition Deflagration density | : Not applicable. |
| Flame height | : Not applicable. |

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Flame duration

Not applicable.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability
The product is stable.
: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Possibility of hazardous reactions
Conditions to avoid

Incompatible materials

Hazardous decomposition products
: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

| Information on likely routes of exposure |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Inhalation | $:$ No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Ingestion | $:$ No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Skin contact | $:$ No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Eye contact | $:$ No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Inhalation : No specific data.

Ingestion : No specific data.
Skin contact : No specific data.
Eye contact : No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Carbon Black | LD50 Oral | Rat | $>15400 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | - |

## Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Talc | Skin - Mild irritant | Human | - | 72 hours 300 <br> ug I | - |

## Sensitisation

Not available.
Potential chronic health effects

General
Inhalation
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact
Eye contact
Carcinogenicity

Mutagenicity
Teratogenicity
Developmental effects
Fertility effects
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Chronic toxicity

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

## Carcinogenicity

Not available.

## Mutagenicity

Not available.

## Teratogenicity

Not available.

## Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

## Specific target organ toxicity

Not available.

## Aspiration hazard

Not available.

## Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates
Not available.

## Section 12. Ecological information

## Ecotoxicity <br> : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Aquatic and terrestrial toxicity
Not available.

## Persistence/degradability

Not available.

## Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

## Mobility in soil

| Soil/water partition <br> coefficient (Koc) | $:$ Not available. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Other adverse effects | $:$ No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

## Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

| Regulatory <br> information | UN number | Proper shipping <br> name | Classes | PG* | Label | Marine <br> Pollutant |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| New Zealand <br> Class | Not <br> regulated. | - | - | - |  | No. |
| ADG Class | Not <br> regulated. | - | - | - | No. |  |
| UN Class | Not <br> regulated. | - | - | - | No. |  |
| ADR/RID Class | Not <br> regulated. | - | - | - | No. |  |
| IATA Class | Not <br> regulated. | - | - | - | No. |  |
| IMDG Class | Not <br> regulated. | - | - | - | Not a <br> pollutant. |  |

Additional
information

New Zealand Class
ADG Class
UN Class
ADR/RID Class
IATA Class
IMDG Class
PG*: Packing group
NZ NZS 14 Hazchem Code : Not available.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

## Section 15. Regulatory information

HSNO Approval Number
HSNO Group Standard
HSNO Classification

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product
: HSR002680
: Surface coatings and colourants
: 3.1-FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category D 6.7-CARCINOGENICITY - Category B
: No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

International regulations
Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II \& III Chemicals
Not listed.
Montreal Protocol
Not listed.

## Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)
Not listed.
UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals
Not listed.

## Section 16. Other information

## History

Date of printing
Date of issue/Date of revision
Date of previous issue
Version
Key to abbreviations
: 04, August, 2021.
: 04, August, 2021
: 03, August, 2021
: 7.03
: ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods
ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
SGG = Segregation Group
UN = United Nations
: Not available.

## References

$\nabla$ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

## Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become make themselves aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards that may be associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date mentioned herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can may change later the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall should not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to, the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for the use of the product are not under the manufacturer's control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to for determine determining the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS, without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be held responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.

