SAFETY DATA SHEET

WATTYL CRAFTSMAN TRADITIONAL STAIN REDUCER

190902

Section 1. Identification

Product name : WATTYL CRAFTSMAN TRADITIONAL STAIN REDUCER

Product type : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

: VALSPAR PAINT (NZ) LIMITED Manufacturer

4-14 Patiki Road.

Avondale, Auckland, NZ 1026

Emergency telephone : +(64)98010034

number (with hours

of operation)

(Available 24 hrs/ 7 days)

e-mail address of person responsible

for this SDS

: sds@sherwin.com

Section 2. Hazards identification

HSNO Classification : 3.1 - FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category C

6.1 - ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category E 6.3 - SKIN IRRITATION - Category A

6.4 - EYE IRRITATION - Category A (Irritant) 6.7 - CARCINOGENICITY - Category B

6.8 - REPRODUCTIVE AND DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY - Category B 6.9 - SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE OR REPEATED

EXPOSURE) - Category B

6.1 - ACUTE TOXICITY (aspiration) (oral) - Category E

9.1 - AQUATIC ECOTOXICITY - Category B

This material is classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001 and has been classified according to the Hazardous Substances (Classifications) Regulations 2001.

This product is classified as DANGEROUS GOODS for transport, according to the New Zealand Standard NZS 5433: 2012 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

GHS label elements

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : Flammable liquid and vapour.

May be harmful if swallowed.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eve irritation. Suspected of causing cancer.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

May cause damage to organs.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from ignition sources such as heat/sparks/open flame. - No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only nonsparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Avoid release to the environment. Keep out of reach of children. Do not breathe vapour. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. If medical advice is needed: Have product container or label at hand.

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Response

: Collect spillage. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. IF SWALLOWED: Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Rinse skin with water [or shower]. Wash with plenty of soap and water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

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Storage Disposal : Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

Symbol









result in classification

Other hazards which do not : Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

Mixture

Other means of identification

: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

Product code : 190902

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number	
Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate	41.7	763-69-9	
HYDROCARBONS, C9, aromatics	19.7	64742-95-6	
Diacetone Alcohol	15.4	123-42-2	
trimethylbenzene	10.3	25551-13-7	
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	4.3	108-67-8	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	4.3	95-63-6	
Xylene, mixed isomers	1.3	1330-20-7	
Cumene	1.3	98-82-8	
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	1.3	526-73-8	
Ethylbenzene	0.4	100-41-4	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Ingestion

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: Get medical attention immediately. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical

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Section 4. First aid measures

attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a

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collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and

shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash

clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower

eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10

minutes. Get medical attention.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : May be harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation.

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Eyes : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Specific treatments: Not available.

Notes to physician : No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist

immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It

may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable : Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Not suitable : Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapour. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapour/ gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapours may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

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Section 5. Firefighting measures

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

Hazchem code

Special precautions for firefighters : Not available.

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

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Section 7. Handling and storage

including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and wellventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Diacetone Alcohol	NZ HSWA 2015 (New Zealand, 11/2020).
	WES-TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	WES-TWA: 238 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
trimethylbenzene	NZ HSWA 2015 (New Zealand, 11/2020).
	WES-TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
	WES-TWA: 123 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	NZ HSWA 2015 (New Zealand, 11/2020).
	WES-TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
	WES-TWA: 123 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	NZ HSWA 2015 (New Zealand, 11/2020).
	WES-TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
	WES-TWA: 123 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Kylene, mixed isomers	NZ HSWA 2015 (New Zealand, 11/2020).
	WES-TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	WES-TWA: 217 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Cumene	NZ HSWA 2015 (New Zealand, 11/2020).
	Absorbed through skin.
	WES-TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
	WES-TWA: 125 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	WES-STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.
	WES-STEL: 375 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	NZ HSWA 2015 (New Zealand, 11/2020).
	WES-TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
	WES-TWA: 123 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	NZ HSWA 2015 (New Zealand, 11/2020).
	WES-TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	WES-TWA: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	WES-STEL: 543 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	WES-STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.

Appropriate engineering controls

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory protection

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

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Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Eye protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Flash point

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour : Not available. Odour : Not available. **Odour threshold** : Not available. pН : Not applicable. **Melting point/freezing point** : Not available. : 135°C (275°F)

Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range

: Closed cup: 43°C (109.4°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]

Evaporation rate : 0.53 (butyl acetate = 1)

: Not available. **Flammability** Lower and upper explosion : Lower: 0.7% limit/flammability limit Upper: 12.1%

: 1.3 kPa (10 mm Hg) Vapour pressure

Relative vapour density 3.66 [Air = 1]

: 0.91 Relative density

: Not available. Solubility Partition coefficient: n-: Not applicable.

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <20.5 mm²/s (<20.5 cSt) Viscosity

Aerosol product

: Not applicable. Type of aerosol **Heat of combustion** : 34.476 kJ/g **Ignition distance** : Not applicable.

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Enclosed space ignition -

Time equivalent

: Not applicable.

Enclosed space ignition -

Deflagration density

: Not applicable.

Flame height

: Not applicable. : Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability

Flame duration

: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not

allow vapour to accumulate in low or confined areas.

Incompatible materials

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidising materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion

: May be harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Skin contact

: Causes skin irritation.

Eye contact

: Causes serious eye irritation.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

Inhalation

reduced foetal weight

increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Eye contact

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Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure **Acute toxicity**

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate	LD50 Oral	Rat	3200 mg/kg	-
HYDROCARBONS, C9, aromatics	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
Diacetone Alcohol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2520 mg/kg	-
trimethylbenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	8970 mg/kg	-
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	24000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	18000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Cumene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	39000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1400 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
HYDROCARBONS, C9,	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
aromatics				uL	
Diacetone Alcohol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				uL	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
trimethylbenzene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
	Oldin Markanta indiana	D . I. I		mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
Video - minedia - man	Free Mildinghan	D = - - -		mg	
Xylene, mixed isomers	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat		mg 8 hours 60 uL	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 uL	
	Skiii - Moderate ii iitaiit	IXabbit	-		-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		mg 100 %	
Cumene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit		24 hours 500	- -
Carrierie	Lycs - Wild irritarit	Rabbit		mg	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	86 mg	_
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 10	
	Okin Wild Intant	Rabbit		mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 100	_
	Time moderate inflant			mg	
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	_	500 mg	_
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
	111111111111111111111111111111111111111			mg	

Sensitisation

Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

General: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

exposure.

Skin contact

Eye contact

Carcinogenicity

Mutagenicity

Teratogenicity Developmental effects

Fertility effects

Chronic toxicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Category B	Inhalation	Not determined
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category B	Oral	Not determined
		Inhalation	Not determined
Cumene	Category B	Inhalation	Not determined
Ethylbenzene	Category B	Inhalation	Not determined
A 1 (1 1 1	<u> </u>		

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

: Suspected of damaging fertility.

Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

Aspiration hazard

Name

HYDROCARBONS, C9, aromatics

trimethylbenzene

1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene

Xylene, mixed isomers

Cumene

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1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene

Ethylbenzene

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

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Route	ATE value
Oral Dermal Inhalation (vapours)	2199.87 mg/kg 22666.73 mg/kg 35.44 mg/l

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Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

: This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic and terrestrial toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Diacetone Alcohol	Acute LC50 420000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 5600 μg/l Marine water Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio		48 hours
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 13000 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Cancer magister - Zoea	48 hours
	Acute LC50 12520 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius auratus	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 400 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 4910 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Elasmopus pectenicrus - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7720 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Xylene, mixed isomers	Acute LC50 8500 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Cumene	Acute EC50 7.4 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 10.6 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2700 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4900 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
	Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
HYDROCARBONS, C9, aromatics	-	-	Readily
Xylene, mixed isomers Ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
HYDROCARBONS, C9, aromatics	-	10 to 2500	high
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	-	161	low
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	-	243	low
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	8.1 to 25.9	low
Cumene	-	35.48	low
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	-	194.98	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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Section 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Marine Pollutant
New Zealand Class	UN1263	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL. Marine pollutant (HYDROCARBONS, C9, aromatics, trimethylbenzene)	3	III	FLAMMABLE	Yes.
ADG Class	UN1263	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	3	III		Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
UN Class	UN1263	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	3	Ш		Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
ADR/RID Class	UN1263	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	3	III	***************************************	Yes.
IATA Class	UN1263	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	3	III		Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

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Section 14. Transport information

IMDG Class	UN1263	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL. Marine pollutant (Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons, 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene)	III	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Marine pollutant
				\	

Additional information

> **New Zealand Class** The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail.

> > Hazchem code •3Y

ADG Class Hazchem code •3Y

UN Class

ADR/RID Class The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in

> sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Tunnel code D/E

IATA Class The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other

transportation regulations.

IMDG Class The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

Emergency schedules F-E, S-E

PG*: Packing group

NZ NZS 14 Hazchem Code : Not available.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available.

to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

HSNO Approval Number

HSNO Group Standard

HSNO Classification

: HSR002502

: Additives, process chemicals and raw materials

: 3.1 - FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category C

6.1 - ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category E

6.3 - SKIN IRRITATION - Category A

6.4 - EYE IRRITATION - Category A (Irritant) 6.7 - CARCINOGENICITY - Category B

6.8 - REPRODUCTIVE AND DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY - Category B 6.9 - SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE OR REPEATED

EXPOSURE) - Category B

6.1 - ACUTE TOXICITY (aspiration) (oral) - Category E

9.1 - AQUATIC ECOTOXICITY - Category B

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product

: No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

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Section 15. Regulatory information

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

History

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Key to abbreviations : ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods

by Rail

SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

References : Not available.

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become make themselves aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards that may be associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date mentioned herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can may change later the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall should not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to, the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for the use of the product are not under the manufacturer's control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to for determine determining the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS, without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be held responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.

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